SOFTWARE RELIABILITY PREDICTION FOR ARMY VEHICLE

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AGENDA

- Objective
- Approach
- AVS reliability metrics
- Prediction algorithm
- Summary

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OBJECTIVE

- Formulate Army vehicle software (AVS) reliability metrics
- Develop AVS reliability prediction technique

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APPROACH

- Formulate AVS reliability metrics
  - Investigate IT architecture documents
  - Capture details.
    - Data characteristics (e.g., format, size, storage, and encryption)
    - Inputs and outputs
    - Test cases
    - Configuration and Fault handling
  - Formulate metrics
    - Quantify
- Develop AVS reliability prediction technique
  - Fuzzy logic
  - Fuzzy sets

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IT ARCHITECTURE DOCUMENTS

- Transform user requirements into implementation
- Pure text or Unified Modeling Language (UML)
- No implementation details
- Guide for designers and developers

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FUZZY LOGIC

- Approximation technique for imprecise situations
  - Handle vagueness using heuristic technique (expert knowledge)
  - Fuzzy set theory based (Lotfi Zadeh)
  - Linguistic terms usage
    - Hot, cold, very tall, high reliability
  - Expert knowledge rules in linguistic terms
    - If more defects reliability is low
      - Linguistic terms = more and low
- Fuzzy sets
  - Elements with different membership grades between 0 and 1
  - If X is a set denoted by Y, then a fuzzy set S in X is a set of ordered pairs
    - $S = \{(x, \mu Y(x)) \mid x \varepsilon X\}$ where μ is a membership function
    - Example: S = {(7', 0.9), (7'5", 1), (6'5", 0.8), (6', 0.7), (5', 0.3)}

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AVS RELIABILITY METRICS

- Data handling (D)
  - Data and its characteristics
  - Test cases
- Interoperability (I)
  - Exchange data within predefined access restrictions
  - Inputs & outputs
  - Test cases
- Configurability (C)
  - Multiple operating environments
  - Test cases
- Fault handling (F)
  - Fault handling mechanisms
  - Test cases

DATA HANDLING (D)

- D_1 = # of distinct data elements
- D_2 = # of distinct data elements captured with necessary details
- D_3 = # of distinct data elements that have captured required data characteristics
- T_1 = total test cases for all the data elements
- T_{1I} = # of test cases that are planned for testing all data characteristics per data element
- N_c = total # of data characteristics

$$T1 = \sum_{I=1}^{D_1} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_c} T_{1Ii}}{N_c}$$

$$D = 3 - \left(\frac{D_2 + D_3}{D_1} + \frac{T_1}{D_1} \right)$$

INTEROPERABILITY (I)

- I_1 = # required distinct inputs O_1 = # of required distinct outputs
- I_2 = # of distinct inputs captured with details
- O_2 = # of distinct outputs captured with details
- T_2 = total test cases for all the input details
- T_{2I} = # of test cases that are planned for testing all inputs details/input
- T_{3I} = # of test cases that are planned for testing all output details/output
- N_i = total # of input details, N_o = total # of output details
- T4 = # distinct inputs planned for testing event logging
- T6 = # distinct outputs planned for testing event logging
- T8 = # distinct inputs planned for testing fault handling
- T10 = # distinct outputs planned for testing fault handling

$$T_2 = \sum_{I=1}^{I_1} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_i} T_{2Ii}}{N_i} \qquad I = 8 - \left(\frac{I_2}{I_1} + \frac{T_2 + T_4 + T_8}{I_1} + \frac{O_2}{O_1} + \frac{T_3 + T_6 + T_{10}}{O_1} \right) \qquad T_3 = \sum_{I=1}^{O_1} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_o} T_{3Ii}}{N_o}$$

CONFIGURABILITY (C)

- C_1 and C_2 are the number of distinct inputs and outputs, respectively planned for configurable event logging
- C_3 and C_4 are the number of distinct inputs and outputs, respectively planned for configurable fault handling
- T_5 and T_7 are the number of distinct inputs and outputs, respectively planned for testing its configurable event logging
- T_9 and T_{11} are the number of distinct inputs and outputs, respectively planned for testing its configurable fault handling
- I_1 = # required distinct inputs O_1 = # of required distinct outputs
- I_2 = # of distinct inputs captured with details
- O_2 = # of distinct outputs captured with details

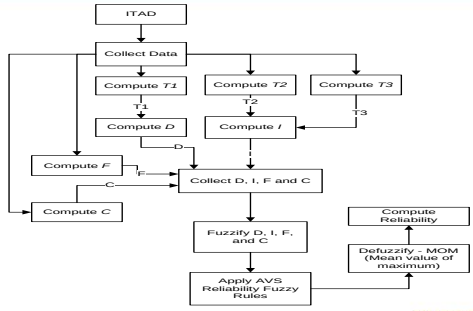
$$C = 8 - \left(\frac{C_1 + C_3}{I_1} + \frac{T_5 + T_9}{I_1} + \frac{C_2 + C_4}{O_1} + \frac{T_7 + T_{11}}{O_1} \right)$$

FAULT HANDLING (F)

- E_1 = number of distinct inputs planned for event logging
- F_1 = number of distinct inputs planned for fault handling
- E_2 = number of distinct outputs planned for event logging
- F_2 = number of distinct outputs planned for fault handling
- T_8 = number of distinct inputs planned for testing its fault handling
- T_{10} = number of distinct outputs planned for testing its fault handling
- I_1 = # required distinct inputs
- O_1 = # of required distinct outputs

$$F = 6 - \left(\frac{E_1 + F_1}{I_1} + \frac{E_2 + F_2}{O_1} + \frac{T_8}{I_1} + \frac{T_{10}}{O_1} \right)$$

PREDICTION ALGORITHM

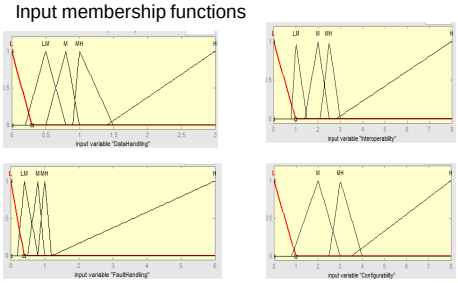


ALGORITHM: Main Steps

- Fuzzify (fuzzification) inputs
- Apply expert knowledge based rules
- Defuzzify (defuzzification)
- Predict AVS reliability

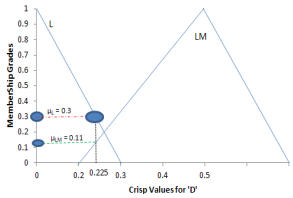
FUZZIFICATION

- Map crisp inputs to membership grades
- Input membership functions



FUZZIFICATION: Continued

- 'D' = 0.225
- max (μ_{LM}, μ_L) = max(0.3, 0.11) = 0.3

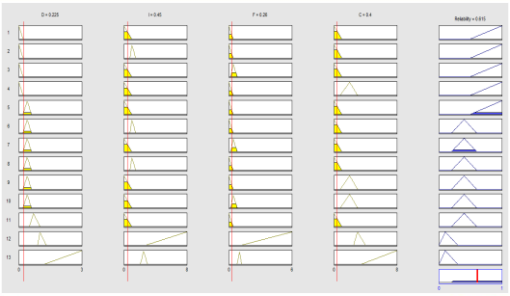


APPLY RULES

- Fuzzy reasoning - aggregation of results
- Maximum of mean value
- 'and' operator D ∧ I ∧ F ∧ C = min (μ_D μ_I μ_F μ_C)
- 'or' operator D ∧ I ∧ F ∧ C = max (μ_D μ_I μ_F μ_C)

1. If (D is L) and (I is L) and (F is L) and (C is L) then (Reliability is H) (1)
2. If (D is L) and (I is LM) and (F is L) and (C is L) then (Reliability is H) (1)
3. If (D is L) and (I is L) and (F is LM) and (C is L) then (Reliability is H) (1)
4. If (D is L) and (I is L) and (F is L) and (C is M) then (Reliability is H) (1)
5. If (D is LM) and (I is L) and (F is L) and (C is L) then (Reliability is H) (1)
6. If (D is LM) and (I is LM) and (F is L) and (C is L) then (Reliability is M) (1)
7. If (D is LM) and (I is L) and (F is LM) and (C is L) then (Reliability is M) (1)
8. If (D is LM) and (I is LM) and (F is L) and (C is L) then (Reliability is M) (1)
9. If (D is LM) and (I is L) and (F is L) and (C is M) then (Reliability is M) (1)
10. If (D is LM) and (I is L) and (F is LM) and (C is M) then (Reliability is M) (1)
11. If (D is M) and (I is L) and (F is L) and (C is L) then (Reliability is M) (1)
12. If (D is MH) or (I is H) or (F is H) or (C is MH) then (Reliability is L) (1)
13. If (D is H) or (I is MH) or (F is MH) or (C is H) then (Reliability is L) (1)

FUZZY RULES AND DEFUZZIFICATION



SUMMARY

- Concept introduction
  - AVS reliability metrics
    - IT Architecture documents
  - AVS reliability prediction algorithm
    - Approximation
    - Fuzzy logic
- Simple data collection
- Ordinary computer skill